

# Cumbria Health Protection Tactical Oversight Group Weekly COVID-19 Summary

2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12<sup>th</sup> March)

Summary Produced Wednesday 17<sup>th</sup> March

# Weekly Summary: Key points

## 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12<sup>th</sup> March)



### Cases & Demographics

Key Points for Cumbria and districts in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12<sup>th</sup> March):

- There were 136 new cases in Cumbria (a decrease of 50, -27%, from 186 cases in the previous week);
- Allerdale had the greatest number of new cases for the 4<sup>th</sup> week in a row (+47 new cases);
- Allerdale also replaced Copeland in having the highest rate of new cases (48 new cases per 100k population);
- Rates in all Cumbrian districts were below both the national and regional average rates (59 and 75 new cases per 100k population respectively);
- New cases decreased from the previous week in all Cumbrian districts except Eden;
- In Eden new cases increased by 80%, however, it should be noted that numerically this increase was small (5 cases in week 9 rising to 9 cases in week 10 = +4 weekly increase in new cases) and rates in Eden remained well below the county, regional and national averages;
- The 45-54 age group accounted for the greatest number of new cases in Cumbria, followed by the 35-44, 55-64 and 25-34 age groups;
- The only age groups to experience increases in new cases from the previous week were the 0-4, 5-11 and 12-18 age groups, however, again numerically these increases were small (+2, +5 and +6 from the previous week respectively);
- The greatest proportional decrease was seen in the 25-34 age group, where new cases decreased by 32 cases from week 9 (-67%).

### Health & Hospitalisations

Summary for week ending Tuesday 16<sup>th</sup> March:

- The number of new patients admitted with COVID-19 Positive status decreased from the previous week in both North Cumbria Integrated Care (NCIC) and University Hospitals of Morecambe Bay NHS Foundation Trust (UHMB) by -53% and -56% respectively;
- Furthermore, the average number of patients with COVID-19 in beds decreased from the previous week in both NCIC and UHMB by -43% and -26% respectively.

### Mortality

- Up to Friday 5<sup>th</sup> March 2021, the number of COVID-19 related death *registrations* and death *occurrences* decreased.

### Impact on Sectors

- Numbers of outbreaks in Care Homes continue to decrease; they have decreased in both North Cumbria and South Cumbria;
- Numbers of incidents/positive cases remain relatively low in education settings; cases decreased in primary schools; but increased in secondary schools and FE/Other settings [this includes nursery-age establishments].

# R estimates & Growth Rates NHS Region



Region	R	Growth rate % per day
England	0.6 to 0.8	-6 to -4
East of England	0.6 to 0.8	-9 to -5
London	0.6 to 0.8	-8 to -4
Midlands	0.6 to 0.8	-8 to -4
North East and Yorkshire	0.7 to 0.9	-6 to -3
North West	0.6 to 0.8	-8 to -5
South East	0.6 to 0.8	-8 to -4
South West	0.5 to 0.8	-10 to -6

Source: gov.uk. Friday 12<sup>th</sup> March 2021.  
North Cumbria falls within the North East and Yorkshire region.

The values are shown as a range, the most likely true values are somewhere towards the middle of this range.

\*Low case numbers and/ or a high degree of variability in transmission across the region means these estimates are insufficiently robust to inform policy decisions.

# Cases

Key Points for Cumbria and districts in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March):

- There were 136 new cases in Cumbria (a decrease of 50, -27%, from 186 cases in the previous week);
- Allerdale had the greatest number of new cases for the 4<sup>th</sup> week in a row (+47 new cases);
- Allerdale also replaced Copeland in having the highest rate of new cases (48 new cases per 100k population);
- Rates in all Cumbrian districts were below both the national and regional average rates (59 and 75 new cases per 100k population respectively);
- New cases decreased from the previous week in all Cumbrian districts except Eden;
- In Eden new cases increased by 80%, however, it should be noted that numerically this increase was small (5 cases in week 9 rising to 9 cases in week 10 = +4 weekly increase in new cases) and rates in Eden remained well below the county, regional and national averages.

## Weekly Summary: COVID-19 : New Cases: Number and Rate Per 100,000 Population

ID	Area	Previous Week* No. New Cases	Previous Week* Rate of New Cases	Current Week** No. New Cases	Current Week** Rate of New Cases	Weekly No. Change in New Cases	Weekly % Change in New Cases
1	England	34404	61	32959	59	-1445	-4
2	North West	5546	76	5512	75	-34	-1
3	Cumbria	186	37	136	27	-50	-27
4	Allerdale	48	49	47	48	-1	-2
5	Barrow-in-Furness	38	57	18	27	-20	-53
6	Carlisle	31	29	26	24	-5	-16
7	Copeland	43	63	20	29	-23	-53
8	Eden	5	9	9	17	4	80
9	South Lakeland	21	20	16	15	-5	-24

\*Previous Week is 2021 Week 09 (Ending Friday 5th March 2021)

\*\*Current Week is 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March 2021)

Last updated on Tuesday 16th March 2021

Source: <https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/>

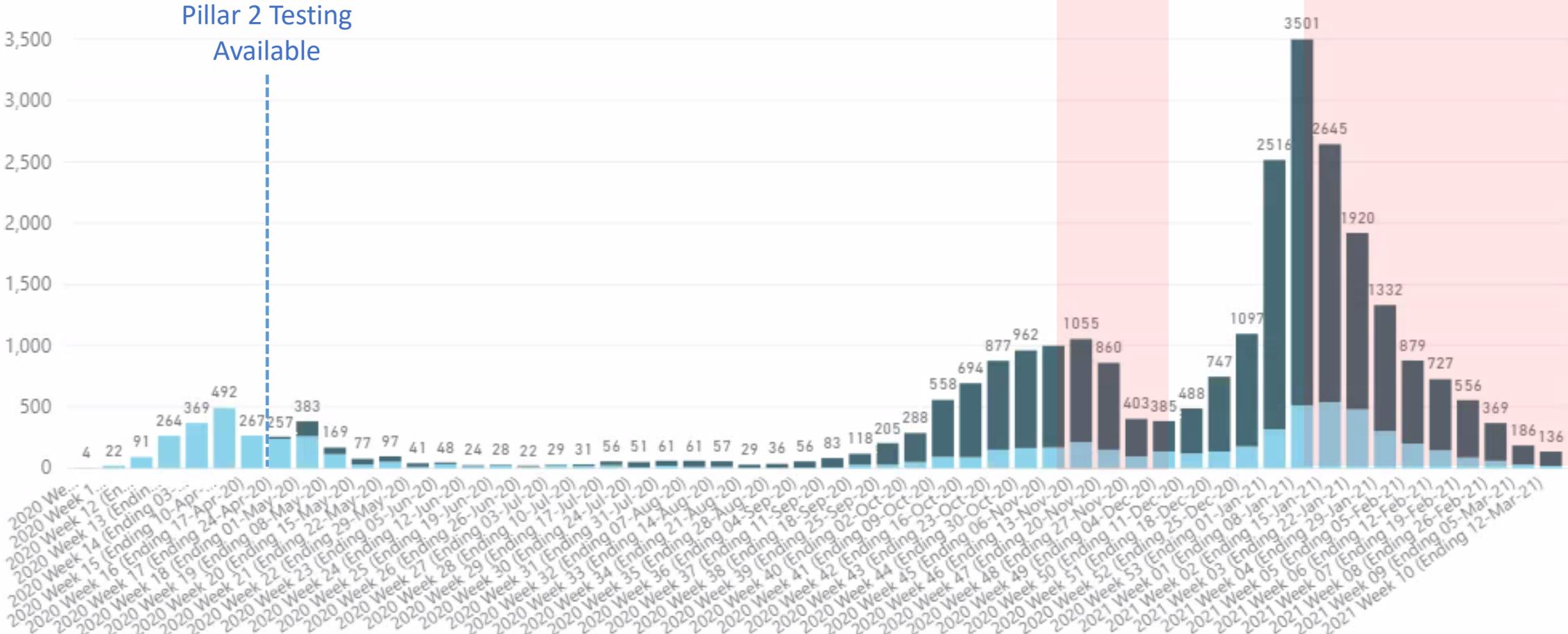
Note: This represents the number of people with a positive test result

# Cumbria Cases



Cumbria Weekly Cases by Pillar

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



Source: PHE (data represents the number of people with a positive test result)

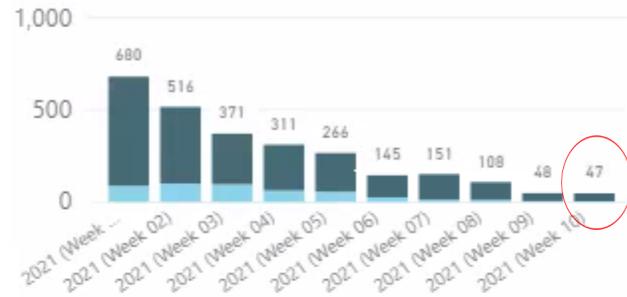
# District Cases

Key Points for Cumbria and districts in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March):

- Allerdale had the greatest number and rate of new cases (+47 new cases = 48 new cases per 100k population);
- New cases decreased from the previous week in all Cumbrian districts except Eden;
- In Eden new cases increased by 80%, however, it should be noted that numerically this increase was small (5 cases in week 9 rising to 9 cases in week 10) and rates in Eden remained well below the county, regional and national averages.

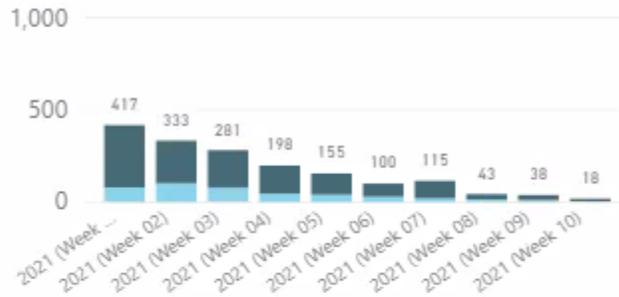
Allerdale

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



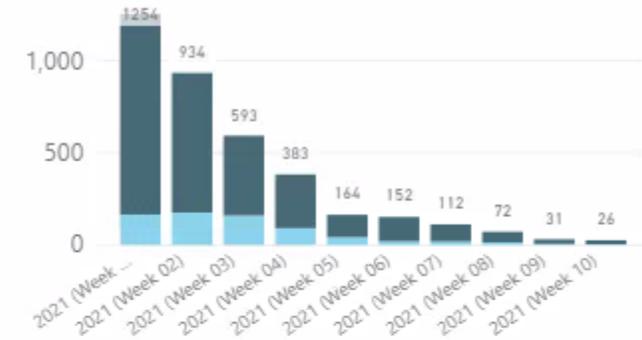
Barrow-in-Furness

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



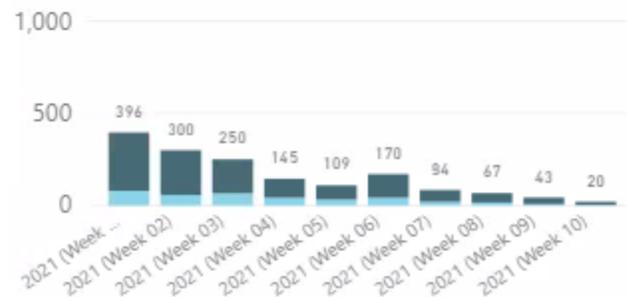
Carlisle

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



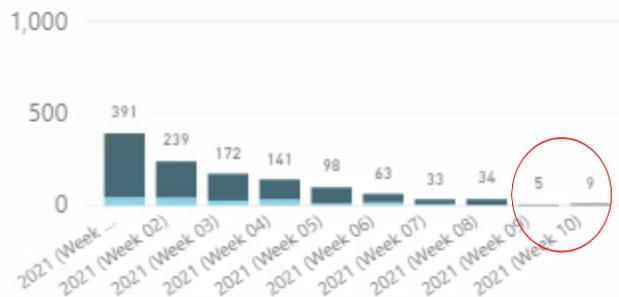
Copeland

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



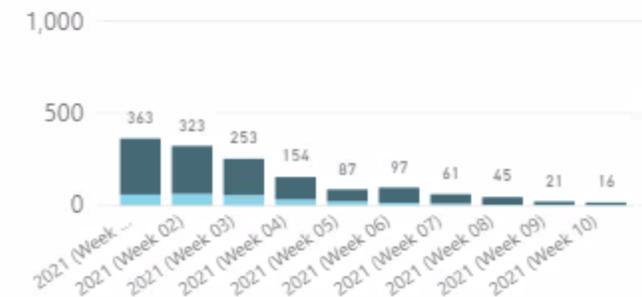
Eden

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



South Lakeland

● PILLAR 1 ● PILLAR 2



Source: PHE (data represents the number of people with a positive test result)

# Daily Lab-Confirmed Cases – Pillar 1 & 2

## [Preliminary up to 15 March 2021]

[Last updated on Wednesday 10 March 2021 at 4:00pm]

	06-Mar-21	07-Mar-21	08-Mar-21	09-Mar-21	10-Mar-21	11-Mar-21	12-Mar-21	13-Mar-21	14-Mar-21	15-Mar-21
<b>Cumbria</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>22</b>
Allerdale	8	5	9	12	5	2	8	4	6	5
Barrow-in-Furness	1	1	4	1	2	3	6	5	5	3
Carlisle	2	2	4	5	5	4	4	5	3	3
Copeland	0	2	7	2	3	2	4	1	0	1
Eden	0	0	4	4	1	0	0	0	1	6
South Lakeland	1	1	7	4	0	2	1	1	2	4

Source: <https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/>

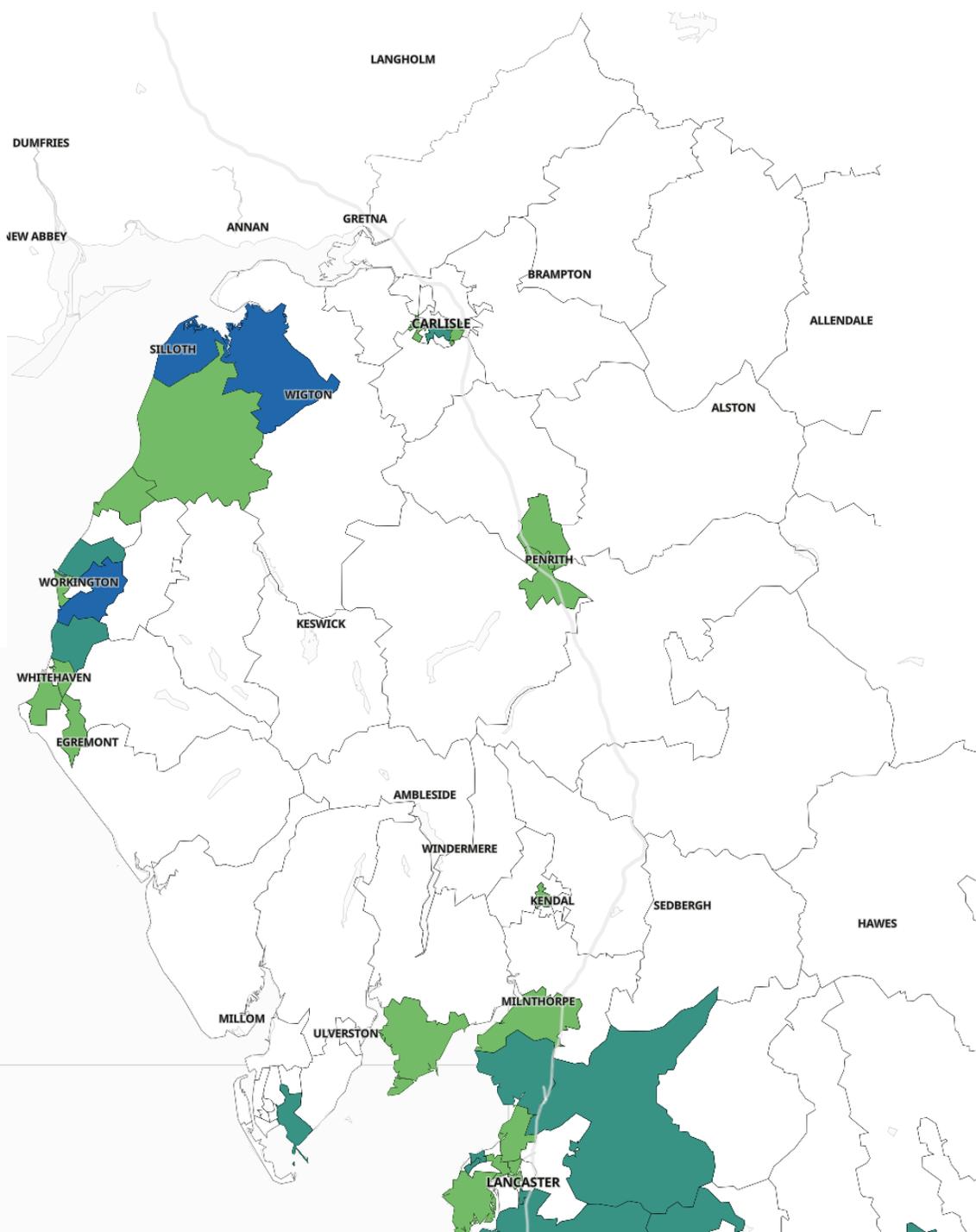
*[Data is subject to revisions; most recent days are provisional and likely to increase as lab results are processed]*

# Cases by Middle Super Output Area (MSOA)

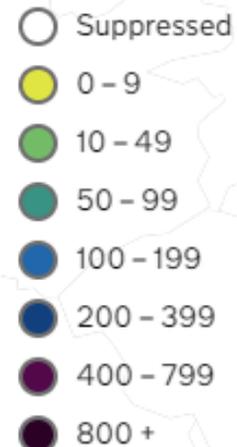
Seven-day rolling rate of new cases by specimen date ending on 11 Mar 2021

<https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/details/interactive-map>

Last updated on Tuesday 16 March 2021 at 4:30pm



## MSOA rate



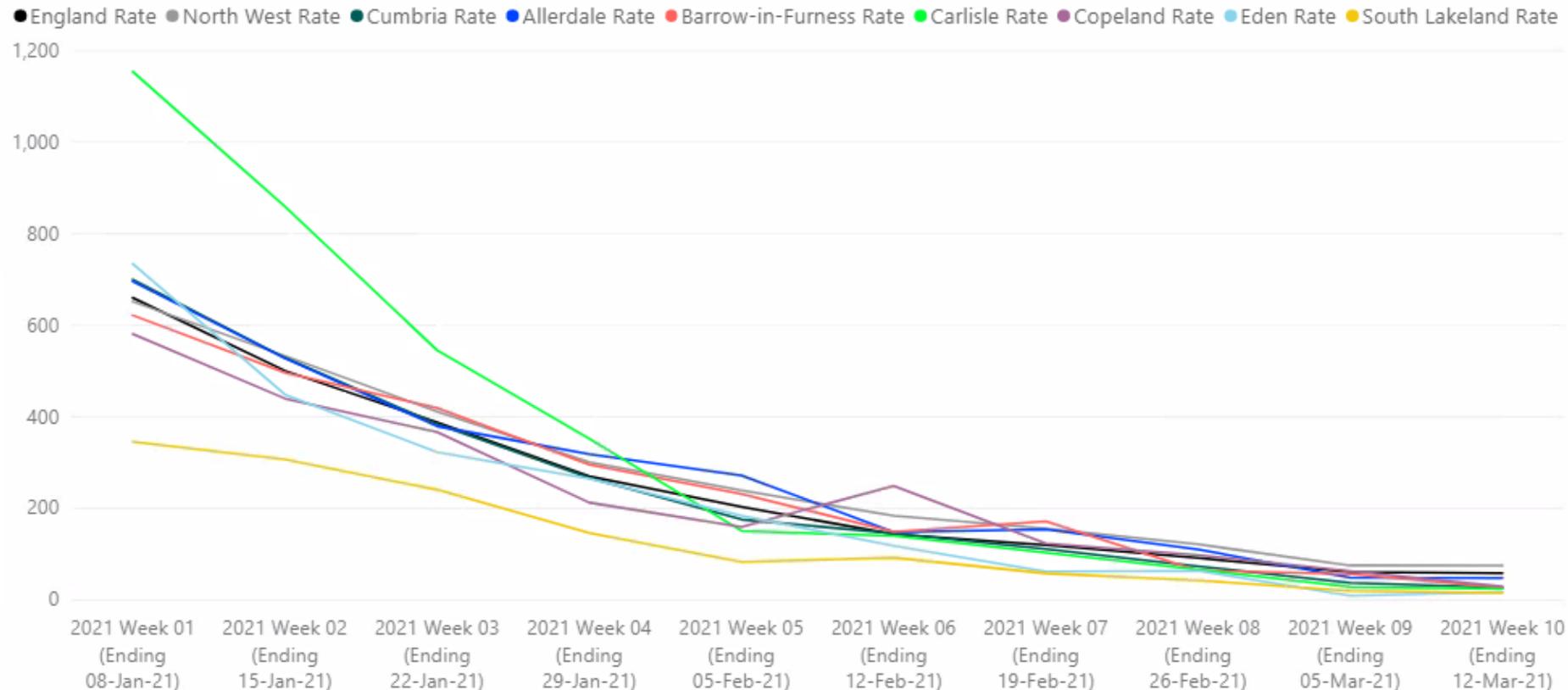


# Rate of Cases Per 100,000 Population

Key Points for Cumbria and districts in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March):

- Allerdale replaced Copeland in having the highest rate of new cases (48 new cases per 100k population);
- Rates in all Cumbrian districts were below both the national and regional average rates (59 and 75 new cases per 100k population respectively);
- New case rates decreased from the previous week in all Cumbrian districts except Eden;
- However, in Eden new case rates remained well below the county, regional and national averages.

Rate of Weekly Cases Per 100,000 Population



Source: <https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk>

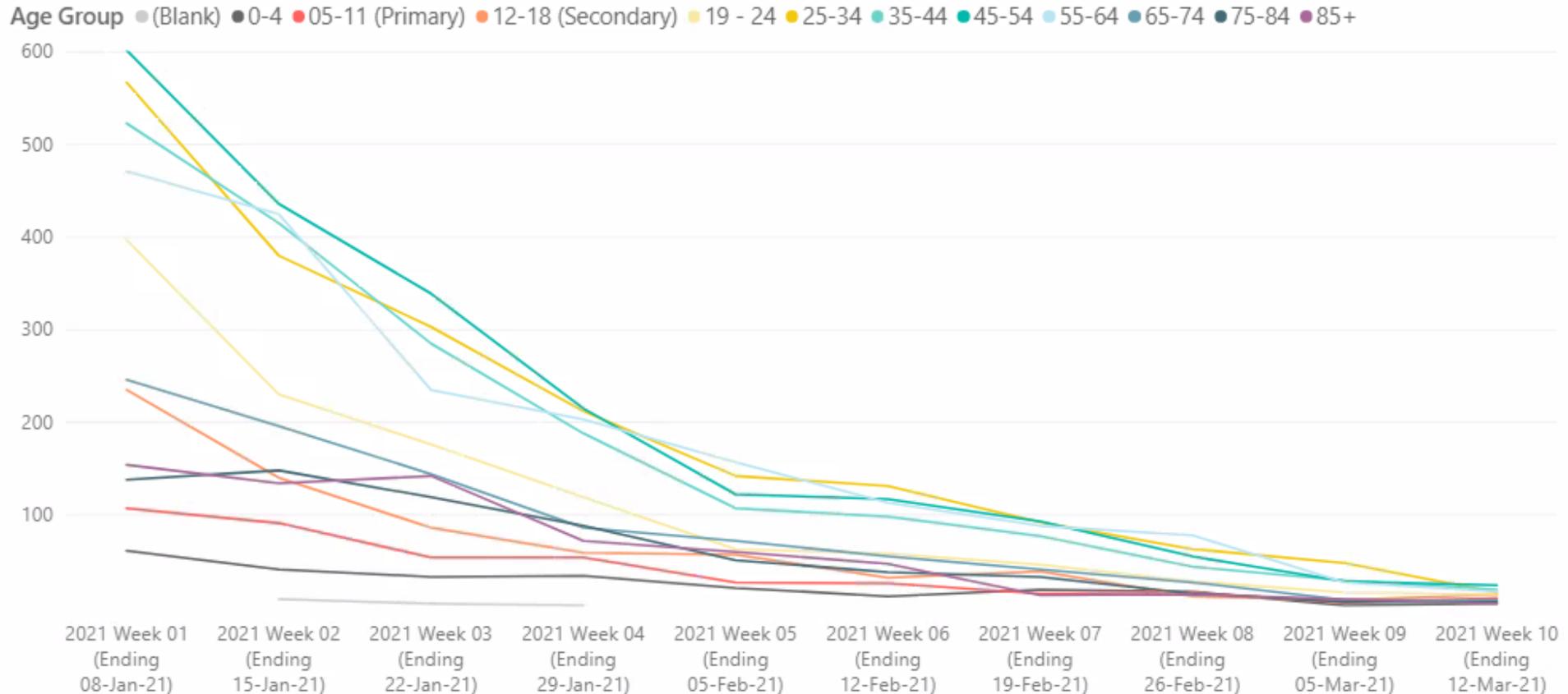
Data represents the number of people with a positive test result per 100k population.

# Cases by Age Group - Number

Key Points for Cumbria in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March):

- The 45-54 age group accounted for the greatest number of new cases in Cumbria, followed by the 35-44, 55-64 and 25-34 age groups;
- The only age groups to experience increases in new cases from the previous week were the 0-4, 5-11 and 12-18 age groups, however, it should be again noted that numerically these increases were small (+2, +5 and +6 from the previous week respectively);
- The greatest proportional decrease was seen in the 25-34 age group, where new cases decreased by 32 cases from week 9 (-67%).

Cumbria Number of Weekly Cases by Age



Source: PHE (data represents the number of people with a positive test result)



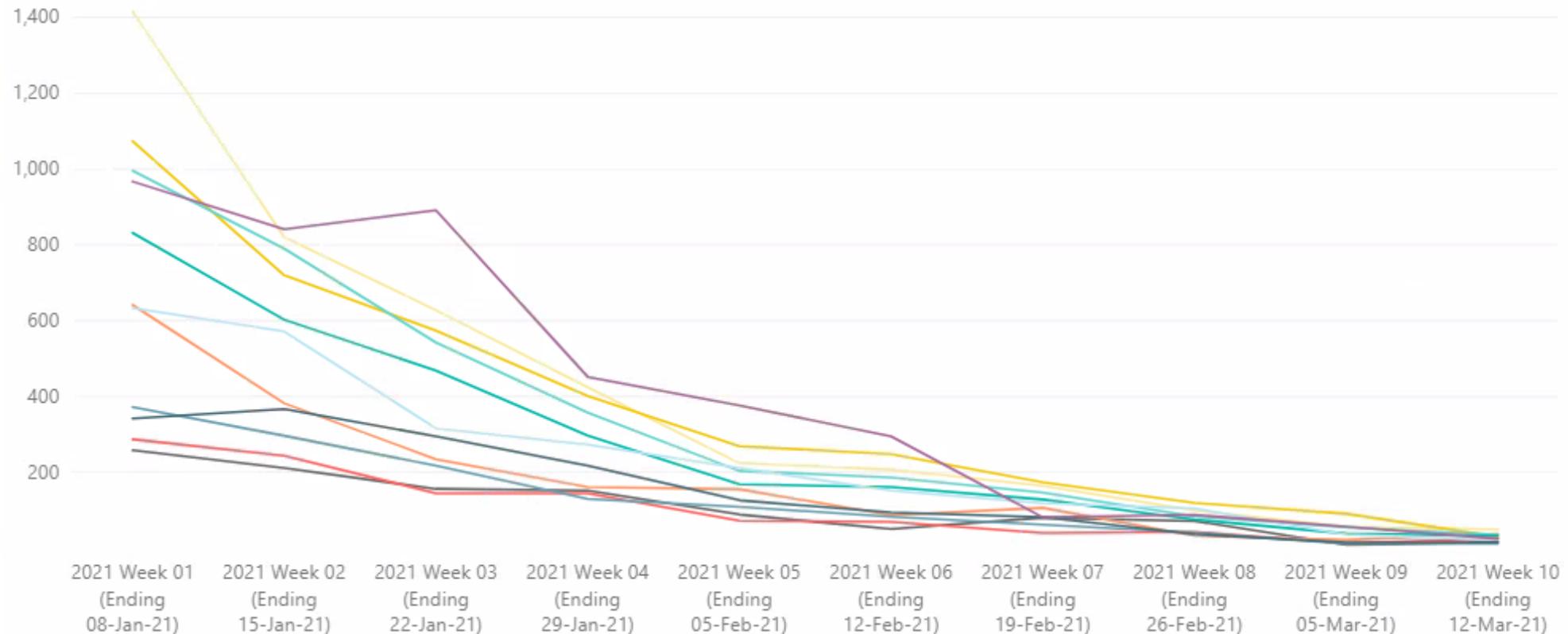
# Cases by Age Group – Rate per 100,000

Key Points for Cumbria in 2021 Week 10 (Ending Friday 12th March):

- The 19-24 age group accounted for the greatest rate of new cases in Cumbria, followed by the 12-18, 35-44 and 45-54 age groups.

Cumbria Rate of Weekly Cases by Age Per 100,000 Population

Age Group ● 0-4 ● 5-11 (Primary) ● 12-18 (Secondary) ● 19-24 ● 25-34 ● 35-44 ● 45-54 ● 55-64 ● 65-74 ● 75-84 ● 85+



Source: PHE (data represents the number of people with a positive test result)

# Hospitalisations



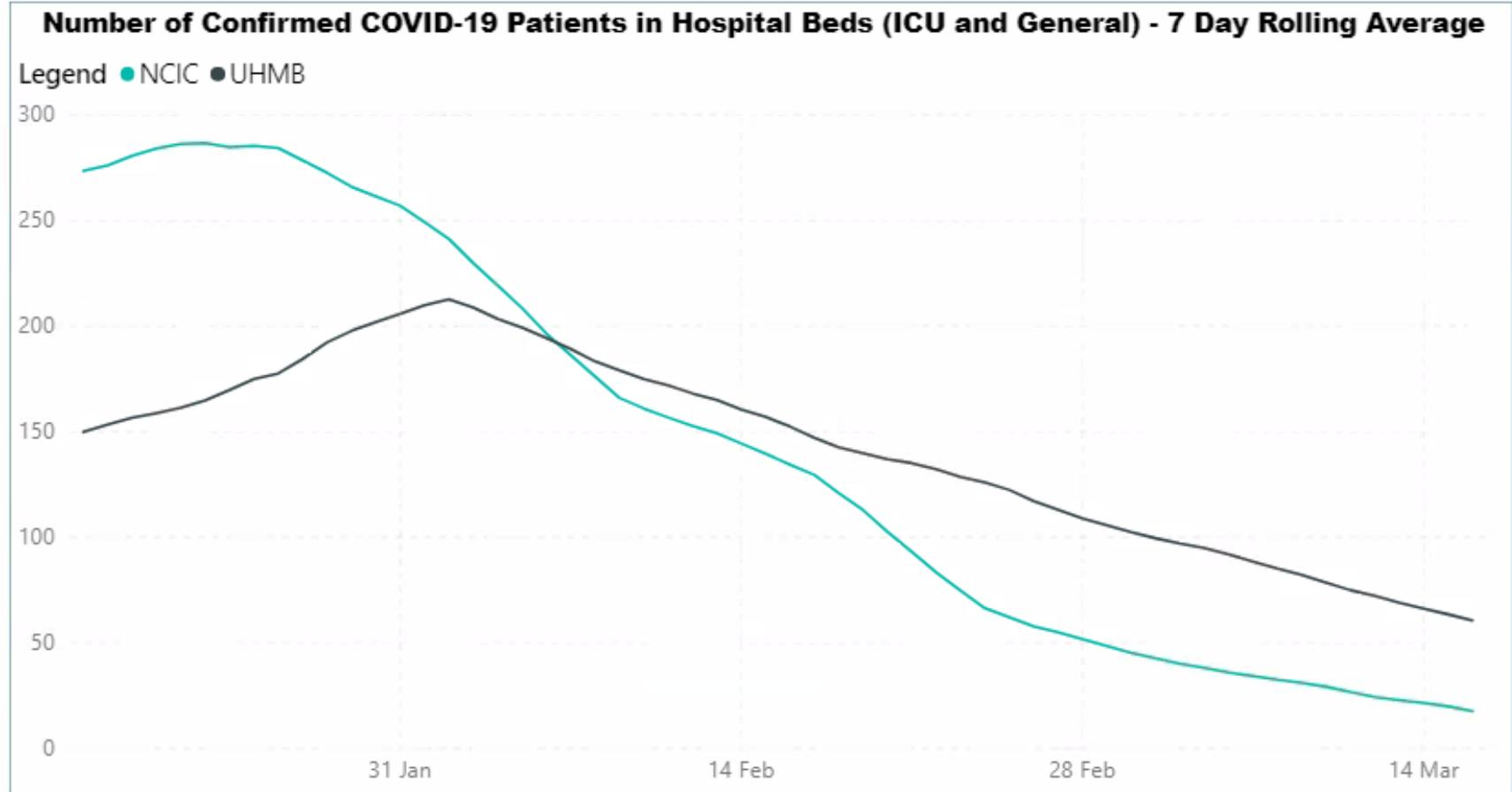
Summary for week ending Tuesday 16<sup>th</sup> March:

- The number of new patients admitted with COVID-19 Positive status decreased from the previous week in both North Cumbria Integrated Care (NCIC) and University Hospitals of Morecambe Bay NHS Foundation Trust (UHMB) by -53% and -56% respectively;
- Furthermore, the average number of patients with COVID-19 in beds decreased from the previous week in both NCIC and UHMB by -43% and -26% respectively.

Source: NHS Daily Sit Rep Submissions. Please be aware that the data is collected as a 'sitrep' on the day and is not refined retrospective reporting data. It is susceptible to error caused by delays in data entry and as simple admin errors. There is no mechanism for updating or correcting any such occurrences with NHSE/i - the prime recipient.

Data To:  
16/03/2021

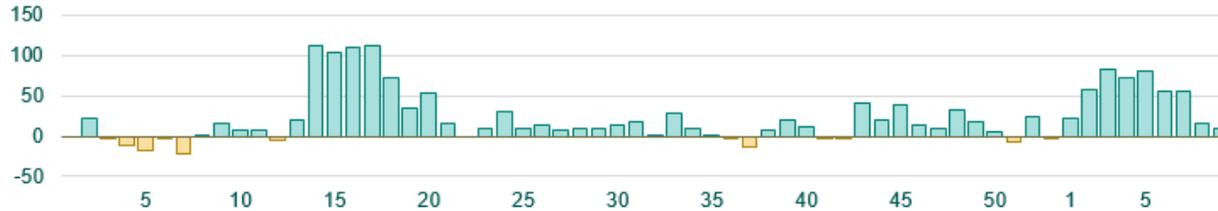
Last Updated:  
17/03/2021



# Mortality: Cumbria Weekly Registered Deaths to Week 9 (up to 05 March 2021)

## Week 9 2021: Cumbria CC, registered deaths

Excess deaths (2020 and 2021 deaths minus 2015 to 2019 average) up to 5 March 2021

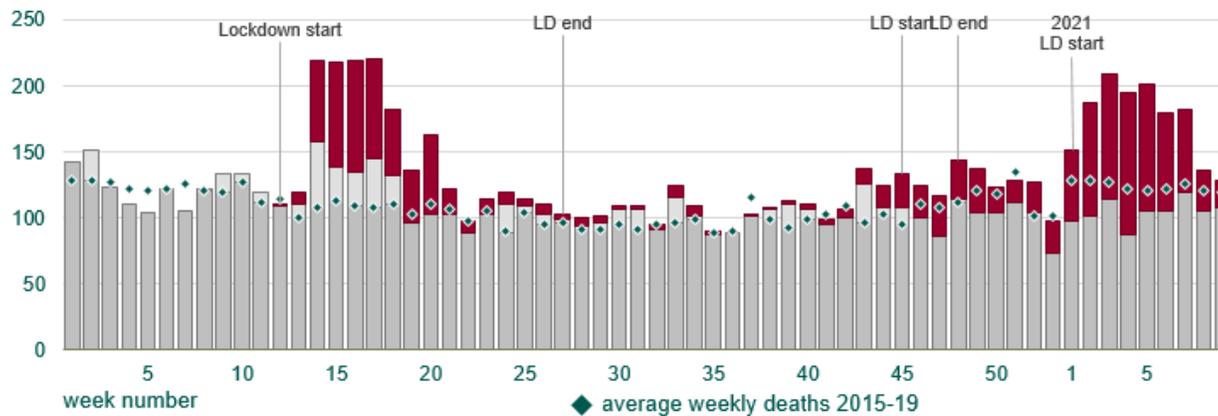


Greater than the 5 year average

Note - values for deaths occurring for the most recent week are likely to be lower than the final values due to the time lag in reporting.

Less than the 5 year average

All deaths in 2020 by week, with proportion where COVID-19 is mentioned



COVID-19 mentioned on the death certificate

Values for 2021 are still compared to the average for the years 2015-19 due to the impact of COVID-19 in 2020.

Registered deaths for week 1 should be treated with caution because of potential registration delays from the Christmas period.

COVID-19 not mentioned

Data source: ONS Death registrations and occurrences by local authority and health board. Produced by LKIS, Public Health England Office for National Statistics, licensed under the Open Government Licence.

In line with the ONS method, deaths for week 53 have been compared to the average for week 52.

Due to issues with calculation, the average for registered deaths for week 1 2015-19 has been taken to be the same as for week 2 2015-19

Registered deaths in week 9 =	129
Excess registered deaths in week 9 (using 2015-19 weekly averages) =	10
Registered deaths mentioning COVID-19 in week 9 =	21
Registered deaths mentioning COVID-19 in weeks 1 2020 to 9 2021 =	1,458

For week 9 2021

Registered deaths for week ending 5 March 2021

	2019 population	2020 deaths COVID-19 mentioned	Crude rate <sup>7</sup> 100,000
England	56,286,961	1,994	3.54
North West ONS region	7,341,196	274	3.73
Cumbria CC	500,012	21	4.20

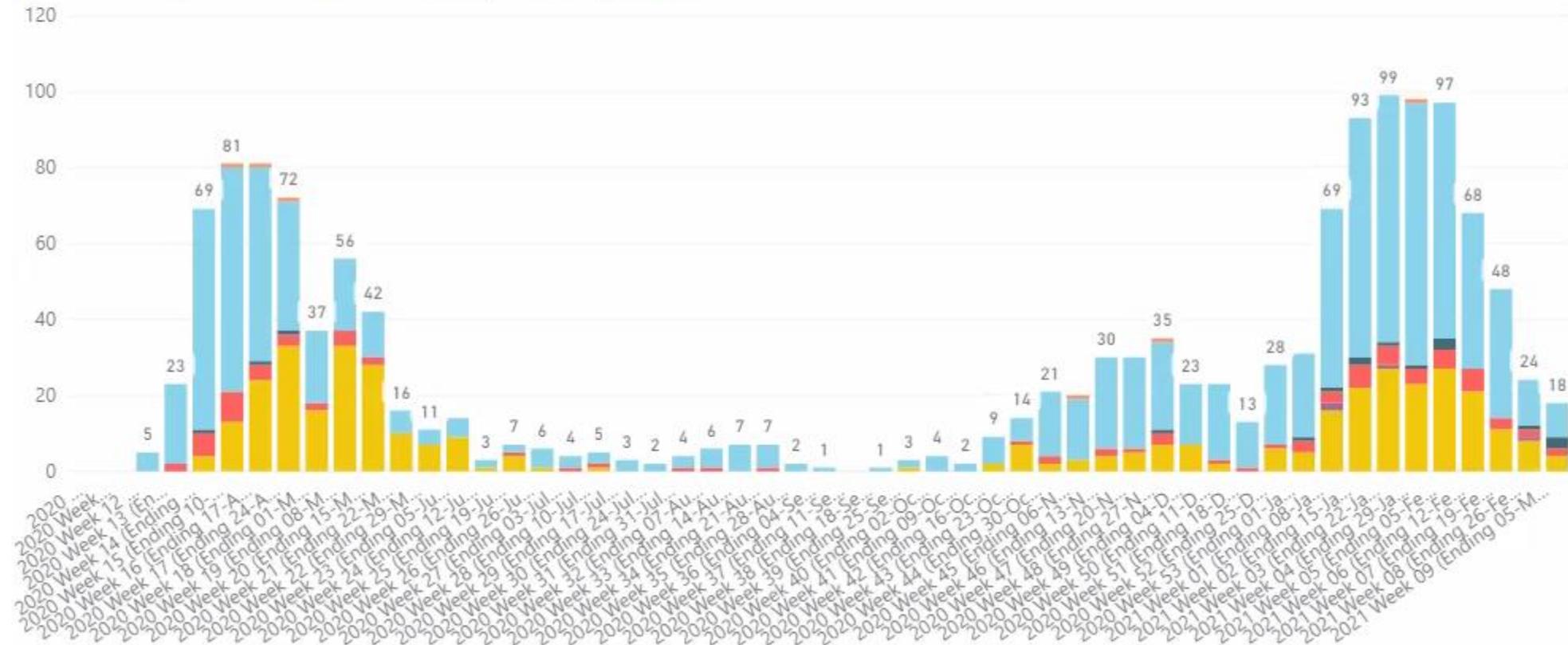


# ONS: Occurrences to 5<sup>th</sup> March 2021

Weekly Number of Deaths with COVID-19 as Cause of Death  
By **Date of Occurrence** & Place of Occurrence, Registered up to 13th March 2021  
Source: Office for National Statistics

## Cumbria

● Care home ● Elsewhere ● Home ● Hospice ● Hospital ● Other communal establishment





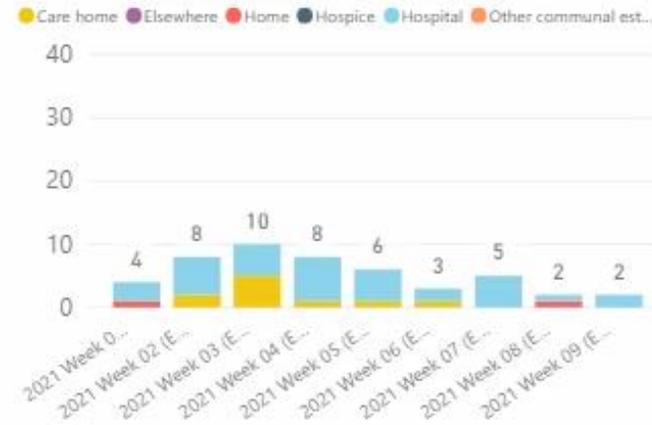
# ONS: Occurrences to 5<sup>th</sup> March 2021

Weekly Number of Deaths with COVID-19 as Cause of Death  
By **Date of Occurrence** & Place of Occurrence, Registered up to 13th March 2021  
Source: Office for National Statistics

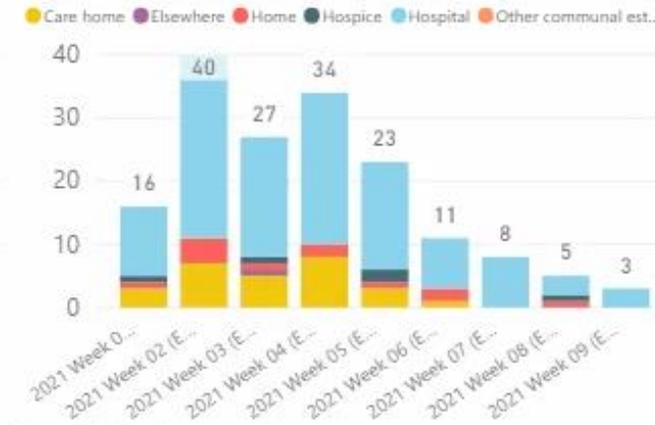
## Allerdale



## Barrow-in-Furness



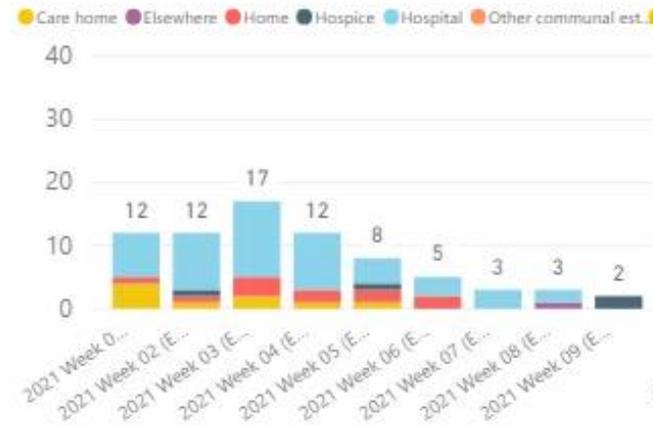
## Carlisle



## Copeland



## Eden



## South Lakeland



# Vaccinations – Proportion of population with at least 1 dose given



## COVID-19 Vaccinations by Place of Residence and Age Group

Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS) & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

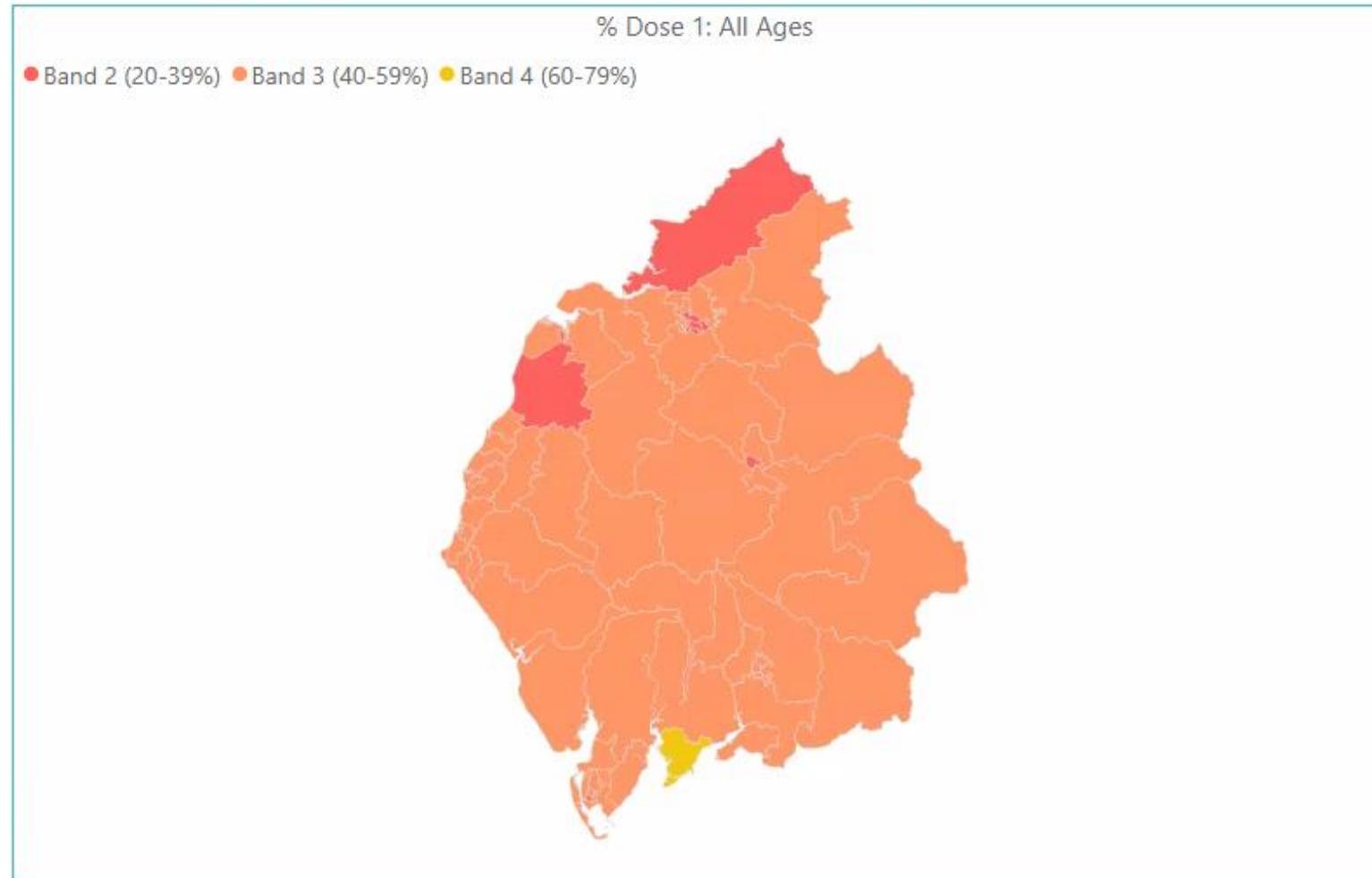
Country	No. Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 All Ages	No. Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 Under 60	No. Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 60-64	No. Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 65-69	No. Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 70-74	No. Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 75-79	No. Dose 1 80+	% Dose 1 80+
England	18.9M	42	7.0M	22	2.2M	69	2.5M	89	2.7M	96	2.0M	101	2.7M	95
Cumbria	189.2K	45	55.3K	21	17.9K	51	29.1K	88	32.4K	98	23.2K	99	31.3K	95
Allerdale	37.2K	45	11.2K	22	3.3K	48	6K	84	6.6K	100	4.5K	97	6.2K	95
Barrow-in-Furness	25.1K	45	8.6K	23	2.5K	59	4K	93	3.9K	97	2.9K	98	3.6K	99
Carlisle	37.5K	42	11.7K	20	3.2K	44	6K	90	6.2K	99	4.3K	96	6.2K	95
Copeland	24.6K	43	7.3K	20	2.5K	51	4K	89	4.2K	100	3.0K	100	3.8K	95
Eden	19.0K	42	3.8K	14	1.4K	34	4K	89	3.8K	99	2.7K	102	3.7K	96
South Lakeland	45.8K	51	12.8K	25	5.0K	63	7K	88	7.7K	94	5.8K	101	7.9K	94

Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

\*The proportion of population receiving vaccination may exceed 100% due to the use of Office National Statistics population estimate to allow consistent comparison

# Vaccinations – Proportion with at least 1 dose given Cumbria MSOA level mapped

COVID-19 Vaccinations By Middle Layer Super Output Area (MSOA) of Residence and Age  
Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS) & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

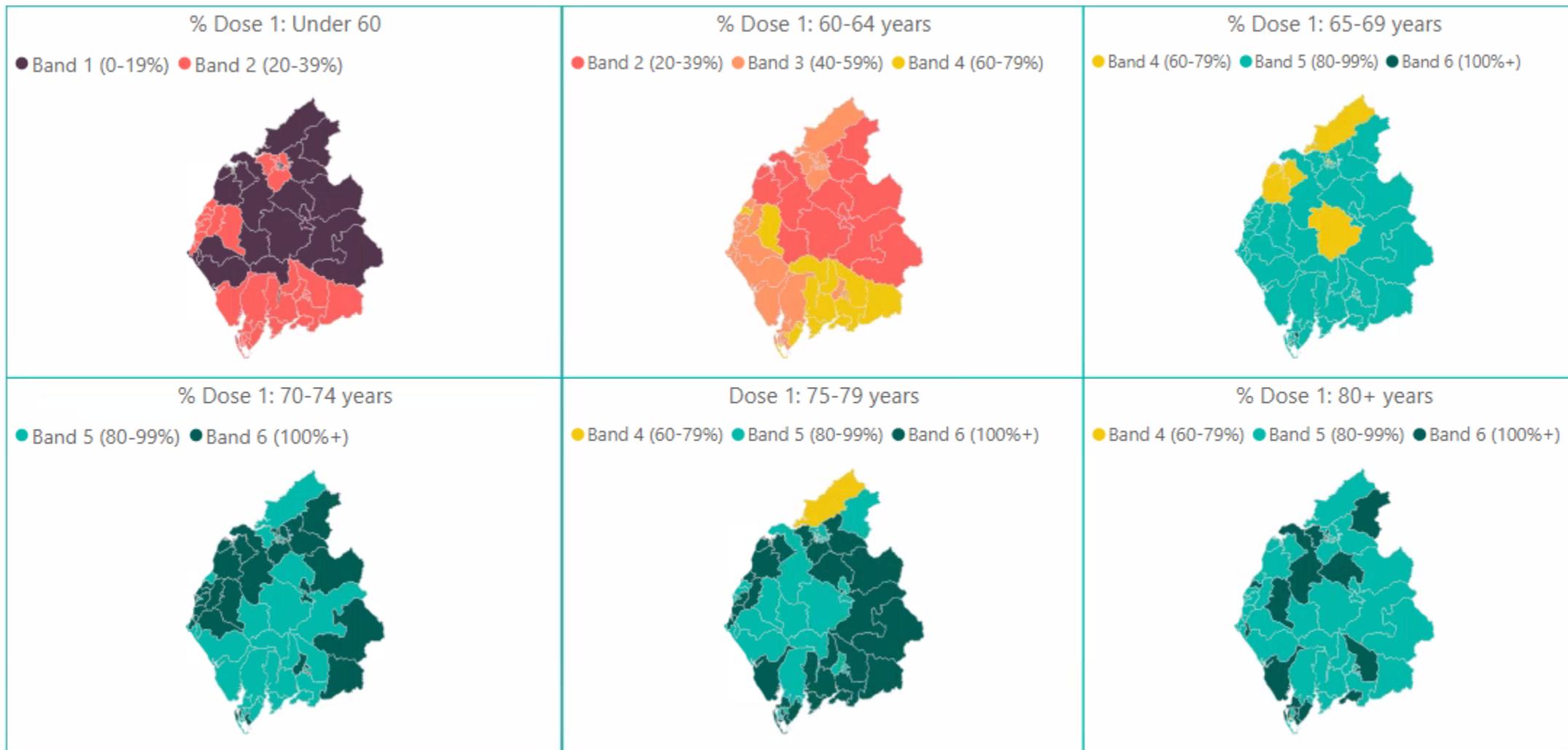


Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

# Vaccinations – Proportion with at least 1 dose given Cumbria MSOA level mapped

COVID-19 Vaccinations By Middle Layer Super Output Area (MSOA) of Residence and Age Group

Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS) & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates



Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

# Vaccination – Proportion with at least 1 dose given Cumbria comparison to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles



## COVID-19 Vaccinations by Place of Residence and Age Group

Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS) & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

Country	No. Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 All Ages	No. Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 Under 60	No. Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 60-64	No. Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 65-69	No. Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 70-74	No. Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 75-79	No. Dose 1 80+	% Dose 1 80+
England	18.9M	42	7.0M	22	2.2M	69	2.5M	89	2.7M	96	2.0M	101	2.7M	95
Cumbria	189.2K	45	55.3K	21	17.9K	51	29.1K	88	32.4K	98	23.2K	99	31.3K	95
Lancashire	443.0K	45	147.5K	22	53.5K	73	60.8K	89	67.7K	97	49.2K	102	64.2K	97
North Yorkshire	244.1K	47	69.8K	22	27.3K	63	35.9K	89	40.9K	98	29.8K	104	40.3K	97

Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

\*The proportion of population receiving vaccination may exceed 100% due to the use of Office National Statistics population estimate to allow consistent comparison

# Vaccination – Proportion with at least 1 dose given

## District comparison to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles



COVID-19 Vaccinations by Place of Residence and Age Group  
 Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS)  
 & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

### Allerdale

Allerdale compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Allerdale	45	22	48	84	100	97	95
Amber Valley	45	21	77	90	97	106	97
Bassetlaw	47	24	73	87	96	104	98
Carlisle	42	20	44	90	99	96	95
Copeland	43	20	51	89	100	100	95
Havant	49	24	80	96	95	107	97
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	52	26	71	89	94	103	100
Newark and Sherwood	51	28	75	93	97	105	99
North Devon	51	26	60	93	98	109	102
North East Derbyshire	49	24	68	89	93	105	101
Scarborough	50	24	61	84	96	102	96
Sedgemoor	49	25	62	85	99	106	99
South Kesteven	46	21	62	89	96	105	99
West Lancashire	48	24	79	94	98	103	96
Wyre	57	31	85	90	97	97	96
Wyre Forest	52	26	77	91	97	109	99

Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

### Barrow-in-Furness

Barrow-in-Furness compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Allerdale	45	22	48	84	100	97	95
Ashfield	48	30	78	88	95	100	97
Barrow-in-Furness	45	23	59	93	97	98	99
Cannock Chase	46	25	86	93	97	106	96
Carlisle	42	20	44	90	99	96	95
Erewash	44	22	80	93	97	103	92
Mansfield	50	31	79	91	95	103	92
Nuneaton and Bedworth	45	25	66	89	96	104	98
Pendle	35	14	54	79	96	99	94
Scarborough	50	24	61	84	96	102	96
Tamworth	43	21	71	95	99	104	97
Thanet	47	24	64	79	93	101	94
Wyre Forest	52	26	77	91	97	109	99

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\*The proportion of population receiving vaccination may exceed 100% due to the use of Office National Statistics population estimate to allow consistent comparison

# Vaccination – Proportion with at least 1 dose given

## District comparison to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles



COVID-19 Vaccinations by Place of Residence and Age Group

Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS)

& ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

### Carlisle

Carlisle compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Bassetlaw	47	24	73	87	96	104	98
Broxtowe	47	25	78	89	99	103	98
Cannock Chase	46	25	86	93	97	106	96
Carlisle	42	20	44	90	99	96	95
Chesterfield	45	22	71	91	96	101	96
East Staffordshire	45	24	80	92	98	100	97
Erewash	44	22	80	93	97	103	92
Kettering	44	24	72	83	94	108	98
Lancaster	45	24	79	92	97	102	97
Mansfield	50	31	79	91	95	103	92
Newcastle-under-Lyme	46	24	80	90	98	102	98
Nuneaton and Bedworth	45	25	66	89	96	104	98
South Kesteven	46	21	62	89	96	105	99
Tamworth	43	21	71	95	99	104	97
Worcester	46	27	84	97	100	104	98
Wyre Forest	52	26	77	91	97	109	99

Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

### Copeland

Copeland compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Allerdale	45	22	48	84	100	97	95
Amber Valley	45	21	77	90	97	106	97
Bassetlaw	47	24	73	87	96	104	98
Bolsover	46	26	73	86	94	106	97
Carlisle	42	20	44	90	99	96	95
Copeland	43	20	51	89	100	100	95
Dover	50	26	72	91	91	106	95
East Staffordshire	45	24	80	92	98	100	97
Fenland	45	20	69	86	95	105	93
Newark and Sherwood	51	28	75	93	97	105	99
North Devon	51	26	60	93	98	109	102
North Warwickshire	50	27	80	94	97	104	96
North West Leicestershire	42	20	71	90	97	107	99
Sedgemoor	49	25	62	85	99	106	99
Wellingborough	41	18	66	85	94	103	97
West Lancashire	48	24	79	94	98	103	96

Data Period: 8th December 2020 to 7th March 2021. Published 11th March 2021.

\*The proportion of population receiving vaccination may exceed 100% due to the use of Office National Statistics population estimate to allow consistent comparison

# Vaccination – Proportion with at least 1 dose given

## District comparison to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles



COVID-19 Vaccinations by Place of Residence and Age Group  
 Source: National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS)  
 & ONS Mid-2019 Population Estimates

### Eden

Eden compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Babergh	54	27	85	91	97	107	97
Cotswold	46	18	53	93	98	105	100
Craven	49	21	60	89	97	104	94
Derbyshire Dales	50	21	68	87	99	108	101
Eden	42	14	34	89	99	102	96
Hambleton	50	23	61	86	98	104	101
Maldon	47	20	64	90	94	109	101
Melton	47	21	63	93	102	107	104
Mendip	53	28	87	90	99	105	99
Mid Devon	47	24	54	82	99	106	102
Ribble Valley	46	18	70	96	96	109	99
Richmondshire	34	12	34	75	96	103	98
Ryedale	51	22	69	91	100	104	99
South Lakeland	51	25	63	88	94	101	94
Torrige	52	25	56	83	100	109	101
West Devon	56	28	71	93	97	110	103

### South Lakeland

South Lakeland compared to Local Authorities with similar statistical profiles:

LTLA	% Dose 1 All Ages	% Dose 1 Under 60	% Dose 1 60-64	% Dose 1 65-69	% Dose 1 70-74	% Dose 1 75-79	% Dose 1 80+
Chichester	55	27	90	94	96	104	97
Cotswold	46	18	53	93	98	105	100
Craven	49	21	60	89	97	104	94
Derbyshire Dales	50	21	68	87	99	108	101
East Devon	55	26	55	91	96	107	101
Eden	42	14	34	89	99	102	96
Fareham	48	22	76	92	96	106	100
Fylde	52	24	74	92	95	106	98
Hambleton	50	23	61	86	98	104	101
New Forest	51	24	63	87	94	102	94
Rother	56	27	76	81	94	103	95
Ryedale	51	22	69	91	100	104	99
South Hams	52	24	60	88	96	106	101
South Lakeland	51	25	63	88	94	101	94
Stratford-on-Avon	53	25	91	97	96	109	98
Teignbridge	53	27	58	92	97	111	100

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